

PARTNERSHIP FOR HEALTHCARE TRANSITIONS MODEL

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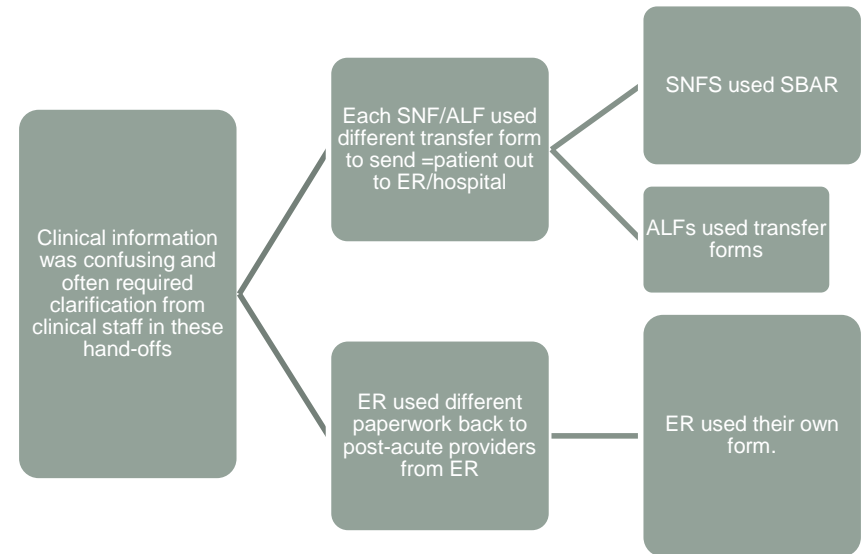


How we Started?

- Simple dialogue early on
- What motivated our organization to action?
 - Mission?
 - Cost?
 - Reimbursement changes?
 - Regulations?
 - Right thing to do?

Steps of Initiating Healthcare Transition Team Approach

- Problems with sharing of clinical information between post-acute providers and ER started a “team approach”;
- Local SNF physician facilitated this multi-provider team composed of hospital, and post-acute providers.



MONADNOCK Healthcare Transitions Network

- Established in May 2011
- Meetings- started out monthly now we are bimonthly.



- Team members:
 - Hospital Utilization and Quality staff
 - Nurse managers from APU/ICU/ER
 - Medical Director from post-acute providers, SNFs, ALFs.
 - Hospital pharmacist
 - Hospitalists on ADHOC basis
 - New England QIO representative (added recently in 2015)

Mission of MONADNOCK Healthcare Transitions Network

- To achieve optimal **PATIENT-CENTERED** outcomes in transitions from one healthcare setting to another and or to home, **RESPECTING** the goals and values of the individual patient.
- Our charter was established to ensure accountability to the MCH Quality Review Committee

Current Team Members of the MONADNOCK Healthcare Transitions Team

- Chief Medical Officer
- Hospital Quality Improvement Director
- Nurse managers- Inpatient, ER/ ICU
- Director of Nursing from 2 local Skilled Nursing Facilities,
- Director of Nursing from a CCRC
- Medical Directors from 3 area post-acute providers
- Home Health nurse manager
- New England QIO representative
- Hospital pharmacist (ADHOC)
- Hospitalist(ADHOC)

Charter Roles and Responsibilities

- Physician members: provide physician input to the network of providers, and review quality improvement opportunities.
- Hospital members: provide readmission and transition data for the team to identify gaps and assist with improvements in the transition process between all partners
- Post acute providers: share readmission data from SNFs, ALFs, Home Health so all can share best practices as well as implement quality improvement steps.
- Pharmacy: review opportunity for medication reconciliation at all points of transition process for the patient population under this Network.

Challenges For the Transitions Network

- Scattered, incomplete patient information between hospital ER, and post-acute providers
- Different educational tools for patients depending on the healthcare setting; often with conflicting information.
- Medication reconciliation was not taking place between healthcare transition points
- Discharge summaries were not reaching the post acute providers in timely manner
- Current discharge instruction given to patient were very difficult to follow and the Discharge diagnosis was not listed on Discharge instructions.

Promoting Your partnership

- Participation needs to further the goals of each partners' organization, making a successful completion a “win” for everyone.
- Short productive meetings
- Face-to-face meetings
- Ensure that agreements are in place to eliminate challenges that arise due to changes in leadership or personnel within either partner organization.



Use of SBAR form

Development of CHF and COPD booklets used by all members of the Healthcare Transitions Team

Post hospital and SNF appointments set up with Primary physicians within 4-7 days following discharge

Discharge summaries are Faxed to attending physicians in SNFs 24 hours before admission to SNF

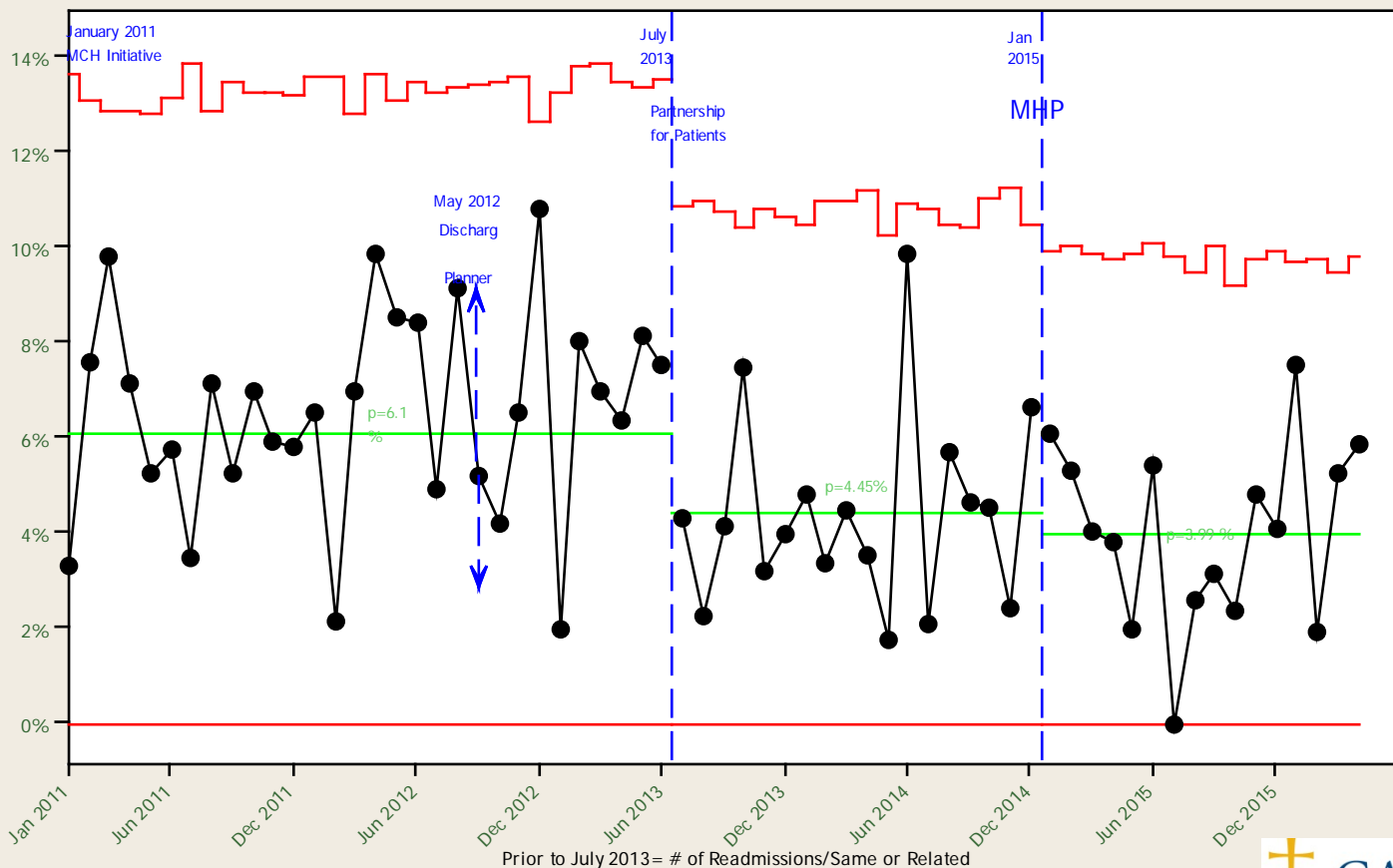
Discharge instructions were realigned to allow for clearer instructions for patients



Accomplishments of Our Transition Network

- Consistent use of SBAR format for transitions between ER and post acute settings
- Follow-up acute care discharge visits made with PCPs within 5-7 days post discharge
- Discharge summaries are Faxed to attending physicians before admission to post acute setting.
- Development and distribution of CHF educational booklets in all partner settings.

Unplanned Readmissions < 30 Days January 2011- April 2016



Continue to decrease hospital readmissions

Hospital readmission rates

- Use Root-cause analysis to determine causes for readmissions:
 - Medical chart review
 - Process mapping
 - Focus groups
 - IHI Diagnostic Tool for the Transition to skilled Nursing
 - INTERACT QI tool

Quality Improvement Organization

- QIO can:
 - Help build trust and reliable interfaces among partners, including providers from various health care and community based settings.
 - Share data in aggregate and assist in a root cause analysis to help further understand readmission rates and patterns.

Next steps for MONADNOCK Healthcare Transitions Network

- Continue to impact a reduction in hospital readmissions
- Sustain the Healthcare Network as a viable team for the healthcare providers in the MONADNOCK region.
- Continue to streamline transitions of care between healthcare settings for our patient population.
- Continue to support healthcare providers in our community and their processes to align systems and thereby improve health outcomes for our patients.

Tasks to be completed by Transitions network

Discharge checklist for transition between partners

- Discharge checklist//packet is being reviewed by partners to ensure necessary information is included in the patient handoff packet between providers.

Transportation issues with ER

- Post acute providers and ER partners are working to streamline travel back to post acute setting when there is not a medical need for “ambulance services”; in rural setting, this can be challenging.

“Shape One’s Story”

- “A few conclusions become clear when we understand this: that our most cruel failure in how we treat the sick and the aged is the failure to recognize that they have priorities beyond merely being safe and living longer; that the chance to shape one’s story is essential to sustaining meaning in life; that we have the opportunity to refashion our institutions, our culture, and our conversations in ways that transform the possibilities for the last chapters of everyone’s lives.”

— [Atul Gawande, *Being Mortal: Medicine and What Matters in the End*](#)